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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/753,086	12/28/2000	Atul N. Hatalkar	10559-357001 / P10034	3517
20985	7590	10/17/2006	EXAMINER	
FISH & RICHARDSON, PC P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022				BRUCKART, BENJAMIN R
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
2155				

DATE MAILED: 10/17/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/753,086	HATALKAR, ATUL N.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Benjamin R. Bruckart	2155

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 August 2006.
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 27-42 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 27-42 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other: _____

Detailed Action

Claims 27-42 are pending in this Office Action.

Claims 1-26 are cancelled.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed in the amendment filed 8/23/06, have been fully considered but they moot in view of new grounds of rejection. The reasons are set forth below.

Applicant's invention as claimed:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 33 recites the limitation "the child containing household". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 36-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by U.S. Patent No. 6,718,551 by Swix et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,961,603 by Kunkel et al.

Regarding claim 36, a broadcast system (Swix: col. 6, lines 26-38) comprising:

a data transmission network (Swix: Fig. 1);

a head end (Swix: col. 6, line 28) comprising

 a map that associates identifiers of clients in the broadcast system with identifiers of groups of two or more clients in the broadcast system (Swix: col. 3, lines 65- col. 4, line 14),

 logic to associate content that is to be transmitted with an appropriate group identifier (Swix: col. 4, lines 53-57), and

 a transmitter to broadcast the content and the map over the data transmission network even when the content is intended for a subset of available clients in the broadcast system (Swix: col. 4, lines 53-65); and

 a collection of clients (Swix: Fig. 1, tag 108), each client comprising

 a receiver to receive the content and the map from the head end over the data transmission network (Swix: col. 4, lines 53-65),

 logic to identify groups to which the client belongs from the received map (Swix: col. 9, lines 17-44), and

 logic to compare group identifiers associated with received content to group identifiers of any identified groups to determine if the transmitted content is to be output (Swix: col. 9, lines 17-44).

Regarding claim 37, the broadcast system of claim 36, wherein the broadcast system comprises a digital cable broadcast system (Swix: col. 6, lines 8-24).

Regarding claim 38, the broadcast system of claim 36, wherein the head end further comprises:

a client profile database that includes information that profiles clients in the broadcast system (Swix: col. 8, lines 55-65); and

logic to compile the map based, on client profiles in the client profile database (Swix: col. 55- col. 9, line 2).

Regarding claim 39, the broadcast system of claim 36, wherein the head end further comprises: logic for changing the map associations between client identifiers and client group identifiers (Swix: col. 8, lines 45-54).

Regarding claim 40, the broadcast system of claim 36, wherein the map comprises a definition of a geographic group of two or more clients, wherein the clients in the geographic group are in geographic area (Swix: col. 3, lines 3-10).

Regarding claim 41, the broadcast system of claim 36, wherein the map comprises a definition of a premium content group of two or more clients, wherein the clients in the premium content, group pay for premium content (Swix: col. 12, lines 22-57).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 27-31, 34-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by U.S. Patent No. 6,718,551 by Swix et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,961,603 by Kunkel et al.

Regarding claim 27,

The Swix reference teaches a method comprising:

compiling a first map that associates identifiers of clients in a digital cable broadcast system with identifiers of groups of two or more clients in the digital cable broadcast system (Swix: col. 4, lines 66 – col. 5, line 20; col. 11, lines 23-33; maps clients to profiles);

broadcasting the first map to available clients in the digital cable broadcast system (Swix: col. 4, lines 53-57);

compiling a second map in which associations between subscriber identifiers and client group identifiers has been changed (Swix: col. 8, lines 44-54; updated profile); and

broadcasting the second map to available clients in the digital cable broadcast system (Swix: col. 4, lines 53-57); and

broadcasting digital cable content intended for a subset of available clients to all available clients in the digital cable broadcast system (Swix: col. 4, lines 58-65),

associating the digital cable content with a first identifier of a first group of two or more clients (Swix: col. 9, lines 17-44), and

The Swix reference fails to state comparing identifiers.

However, the Kunkel reference teaches configuring clients in the digital cable broadcast system to compare the first group identifier with any group identifiers from a most recently received one of the first map and the second map that were associated with an identifier of the client (Kunkel: col. 9, lines 60- col. 10, line 6), to determine if the digital cable content is to be discarded at the client (Kunkel: col. 9, lines 60- col. 10, line 6; ignore content) in order to

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Swix to include discarding data not sharing identifiers as taught by Kunkel in order to send data addressed to specific devices through (Kunkel: col. 12, lines 9-20).

Regarding claim 28, the method of claim 27, further comprising

receiving a definition of a geographic group of two or more clients, wherein the clients in the geographic group are in a geographic area (Swix: col. 3, lines 3-9).

Regarding claim 29, the method of claim 28, wherein broadcasting the digital cable content comprises broadcasting an advertisement in association with an identifier of the geographic group (Swix: col. 3, lines 3-9).

Regarding claim 30, the method of claim 27, further comprising receiving a definition of a premium content group of two or more clients, wherein the clients in the premium content group pay for premium content (Swix: col. 7, lines 52-66; services purchased; col. 9, lines 48-52).

Regarding claim 31, the method of claim 30, wherein broadcasting the digital cable content comprises broadcasting premium content in association with an identifier of the premium content group (Swix: col. 12, lines 22-57).

Regarding claim 34, the method of claim 27, wherein compiling the second map comprises compiling the second map to associate identifiers of clients with an identifier of a new group that has been added since broadcast of the first map (Swix: col. 8, lines 44-54; updated profile).

Regarding claim 35, the method of claim 27, wherein compiling the second map comprises: accessing a client profile database that includes information that profiles clients in the digital cable broadcast system (Swix: col. 8, lines 55-65); and changing the associations between subscriber identifiers and client group identifiers based on the information included in the client profile database (Swix: col. 8, lines 45-65).

Claims 32-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by U.S. Patent No. 6,718,551 by Swix et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,961,603 by Kunkel et al in further view of U.S. Patent No. 7,039,932 by Eldering et al.

Regarding claim 32,

the Swix reference the method of claim 27. The Swix reference does not explicitly state child-containing household. However the Eldering reference teaches, further comprising receiving a definition of a child-containing household group of two more clients, wherein the

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clients in the child-containing household group report children present in the household (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33) in order to identify the particular group to advertise to (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Swix to include child household profile information as taught by Eldering in order to identify the particular group to advertise to (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33).

Regarding claim 33,

the Swix reference teaches the method of claim 30. The Swix reference does not explicitly state child-containing household. However the Eldering reference teaches, wherein broadcasting the digital cable content comprises broadcasting a catalog of toys in association with an identifier of the child containing household group (Swix: col. 9, lines 16-31; Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33) in order to identify the particular group to advertise to (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Swix to include child household profile information as taught by Eldering in order to identify the particular group to advertise to (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33).

Claim 42 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by U.S. Patent No. 6,718,551 by Swix et al in view of U.S. Patent No. 7,039,932 by Eldering et al.

Regarding claim 42,

the Swix reference teaches the broadcast system of claim 36. The Swix reference fails to teach child-containing household. However, the Eldering reference teaches, wherein the map comprises a definition of a child-containing household group of two or more clients, wherein the clients in the child-containing household group report children present in the household (Swix: col. 9, lines 16-31; Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33) in order to identify the particular group to advertise to (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Swix to include child household profile information as taught by Eldering in order to identify the particular group to advertise to (Eldering: col. 2, lines 6-33).

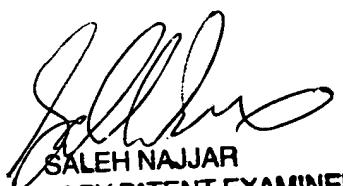
Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin R Bruckart whose telephone number 571-272-3982.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar can be reached on (571) 272-4006. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (571) 273-8300 for regular communications and after final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the examiner whose telephone number is 571-272-3982.

Benjamin R Bruckart
Examiner
Art Unit 2155



SALEH NAJJAR
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER